Co-evolution of galaxies and black holes?

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Overview

- Intro: galaxies light and darkness
- Co-evolution & AGN feedback
- AGN and their host galaxies at earlier times
- Co-evolution, coupled evolution, coeval evolution?
- An incomplete summary



Black Hole in our Milky Way: 3•10⁶ M_{sun}





Genzel et al. 1998...2005, and others



In galaxy centers: BHs, active or dormant



COSMOS, KJ 2008

Urry & Padovani 1995

Galaxy growth:

- Growth by star formation → (cold) gas needed
- Growth by assembly → galaxy mergers needed
- Gas supply/feeding: minor mergers and instabilities?

Black hole growth:

- Growth by gas accretion → (cold) gas needed
- Growth by assembly
 galaxy mergers needed
- Gas supply/feeding: minor mergers and instabilities?

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Co-evolution & AGN feedback



z=0: Häring&Rix 2004

Co-evolution of Black Holes and galactic bulges:

- Tight correlation of M_{BH} and M_{bulge} (0.3dex scatter)
- Also with L_{gal} or sigma
- Linear scales differ by ~1,000,000,000
- → Which is physical mechanism?

Co-evolution & AGN feedback



theoretical prediction



"AGN feedback can solve it all"

Many people say

1 = 0.21 Gyr	I = 0.32 Gyr	f = 0.39 Gyr	1 = 0.50 Gyr
			5
T = 0.57 Gyr	T = 0.68 Gyr	T = 0.75 Gyr	T = 0.86 Gyr
T = 0.94 Gyr	T = 1.03 Gyr	T = 1.11 Gyr	T = 1.21 Gyr
T = 1.30 Gyr	T = 1.39 Gyr	T = 1.48 Gyr	T = 1.50 Gyr
I = 1.66 Gyr.	I = 1./5 Gyr	I = 1.84 Gyr	1 = 1.93 Gyr
	The North Contraction		and the second se

Simulations, not from first principles: QSO/AGN phases as shortlived stages in a galaxy merger

Di Matteo, Springel & Hernquist

Co-evolution & AGN feedback

Quasar-mode feed-back?



Broad Absorption Line QSOs (10%)

(Vilkoviskij et al. 2001)

Kinetic outflows (Arav et al. 2008)

Co-evolution & AGN feedback

radio emission (relativistic particles) \rightarrow X-ray (=gas) holes



Radio-mode feed-back (e.g. Croton et al. 2006)

→ effective in (massive) halos with 'hot' X-ray atmosphere

 A explanation of why massive galaxies no longer form stars?
 (Fabian et al. 2003 and others)

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→ merger
→ star-burst
→ massive accreting BH!

Walter et al. 2004





Can be used with NACO (imager) and SINFONI (IFU)

→ High AO resolution also for fainter targets (R~17) w/o extra guidestar

Need quasars:

- M_{BH} from broad emission lines
- access to host galaxy difficult

Lens: boost in

- Flux
- Angular scale
- → Host galaxy "easier" analysis

HE0047–1756, z=1.67 Double AGN, Einstein ring

HST NICMOS (H-band)



original

AGN subtracted

 \rightarrow Try dynamical masses: H α @1.75mu





HE0047–1746: enclosed M~6.5 • 10¹⁰ M_{sun} (assuming Kepler)

→ Inskip, Jahnke, Rix, Peng et al., in prep.



HE0047–1756 (z=1.67) lies off the local M–M– relation (x3–10 in M_{gal})

Consistent with Peng et al. 2006a+b and others: "mild evolution to z<1.7"

(Caveat: BH mass based on CIV emission line, need Hß to confirm this)

→ Velocity field + lens model fit pending

M_{BH}-M_{bulge}-relation



COSMOS: 1.8 deg² imaging with HST V-band (and many other data)

XMM-based type 1 AGN sample:

Spec-z and/or phot-z existing
Broad-line AGN class
494 type 1 AGN with I<24.5 and ACS images
~300 w/ resolved host galaxy
~300 w/ spectro-z's
~150 w/ BH masses

 Scaling relation study @z~1.4:
 10 with NIC3 parallel imaging and BH masses



ACS+NICMOS: M_{BH} vs. M_{gal} @ z~1.4



NIC3

F160W

XID 14, z=1.06, I=20.7, H=19.4, $log(M_{BH})=8.52$, $log(M_{gal})=11.25$



 Coversion I+H to masses: inactive galaxy mass catalog and observed L and colors

Jahnke et al. 2009, ApJ in press

ACS+NICMOS: M_{BH} vs. M_{gal} @ z~1.4



- Identical relations at z=1.4 and z=0
- at z=1.4: total stell. mass at z=0: bulge mass
- 1: If bulge dominated: no evolution (at logM_{*}=11.3) over 9 Gyrs
- 2: suspect substantial disks (Sérsic n, images, lower-z galaxies of same mass, SF/color mix at z>1): mass for z=0 bulges already in disk+bulge at z=1.4; conversion: merger

Jahnke et al. 2009, ApJ in press



 $H\alpha$ rotation curve



HST image



Luminous quasars at z~0.1: Kinematics, distortions, outflows (VLT/VIMOS IFU)

Full range:

- \rightarrow smooth to distorted
- → bulge- or diskdominated
- → some with potential outflows (Husemann, KJ, Nugroho et al. in prep)

Nugroho, KJ, Husemann, et al. in prep

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Zheng et al. 2009:

- SF mainly in disks
- BHAR density + SFR density offset by ~2000 @ all z

Cisternas et al. in prep:

 AGN not triggered by major merging

- SF through merging <10%</p>
- KJ et al. 2004ab, Sanchez et al. 2004, Silverman et al. 2009 and others:
- Mild increase of SF in AGN

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What co-evolution is not:

- "per unit M_∗-increase M_{BH} grows by 1/700 units at any time" → wrong
- "bulge star formation and bulge assembly occur at the same time" → wrong
- "Major merger trigger AGN and form the bulge at the same time" -> wrong



So what is co-evolution?

Peng 2007: Galaxy merging averages properties – is M_{BH}-M_{*} relation due to "central limit theorem"?



w/ Andrea Macciò:

- dark matter merger tree
- seeded with M*,
 M_{BH}
- SF and dM_{BH} law
- Q: is AGNfeedback
 needed?





What does this mean?

- Co-evolution is at maximum "indirect"
- AGN feedback → yes, it exists, but no indications for global effect!
- → Possibly just a statistical process w/o physics? (work in progress)
- → Hierarchical structure formation at work?



An incomplete summary & outlook

- Massive galaxies have massive BHs
- Close relation of BH and bulge mass
- Evolution in M_{BH}/M_{bulge}
- Merging not dominating mechanism to trigger BH accretion (at z<1, M_{*}<10^{11.5})
- Co-evolution = non-causal?
- AGN feedback needed? Possibly not!

~the end, for now~